Using Ontology-Based Data Access to Enable Context Recognition in the Presence of Incomplete Information

Verteidigung der Dissertation

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Context Recognition Example





Example context

User Bob watches a video, but then starts working with a text editor and the video window is not visible anymore

Possible system optimization:

Save resources by decreasing quality parameters of the video

Ontology-Based Data Access

Components in user focus?

ID	APP	TYPE
w1	a1	mov
w4	a2	text

SENSOR	TYPE	USER	ITEM	TIME
s3	cam	ann	book5	20:10
s1	cam	bob	w1	20:13

Window

Observation

Components in user focus?

SELECT ID FROM Win WHERE Win.ID=Obs.ITEM & Obs.TYPE=cam

ID	APP	TYPE
w1	a1	mov
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SENSOR	TYPE	USER	ITEM	TIME
s3	cam	ann	book5	20:10
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Window

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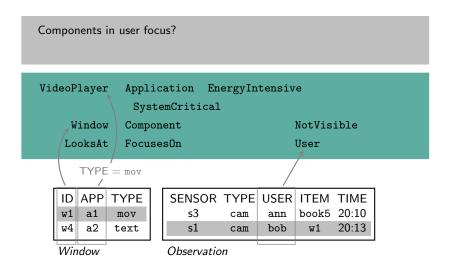
Components in	user focus?	
VideoPlayer	Application SystemCriti	EnergyIntensive
Window	Component	NotVisible
LooksAt	FocusesOn	User

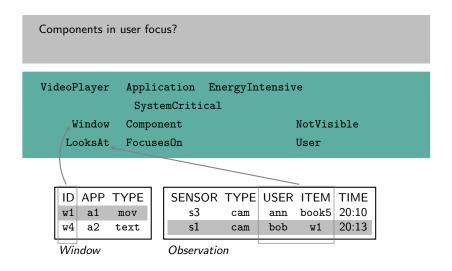
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User(bob) VideoPlayer(a1) Window(w1) HasPart(a1,w1) LooksAt(bob,w1) NotVisible(w1)		

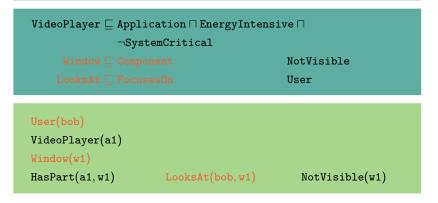
Components in $\exists y. \texttt{User}(y) \land \texttt{F}$		$\land \texttt{Component}(x)$	Answer: x
VideoPlayer	Application SystemCriti	00	ve
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User(bob) VideoPlayer(a Window(w1) HasPart(a1,w1	,	sAt(bob,w1)	NotVisible(w1)

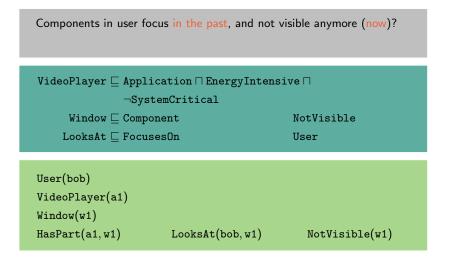
```
Components in user focus?
\exists y. User(y) \land FocusesOn(y, x) \land Component(x)
                                                  Answer: x
VideoPlayer 
Application EnergyIntensive
                  SystemCritical
      Window \sqsubseteq Component
                                                   NotVisible
     LooksAt \sqsubseteq FocusesOn
                                                   User
User(bob)
```

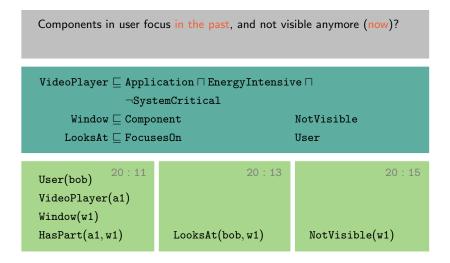
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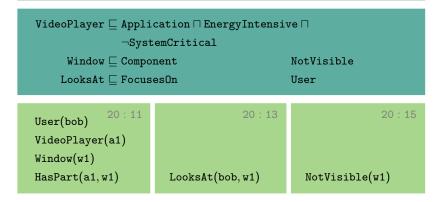
Components in user focu ∃y.User(y) ∧ FocusesOm		Answer: x
$VideoPlayer \sqsubseteq Applica eggsteen e$	ation⊓EnergyIntensi mCritical	ve⊓
Window 드 Compone	$\texttt{Window}\sqsubseteq\texttt{Component}$	
LooksAt 드 FocusesOn		User
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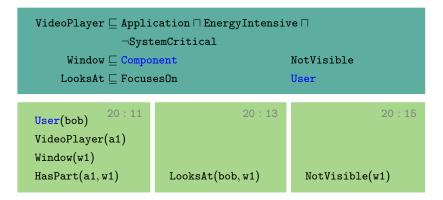




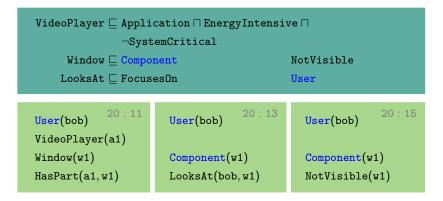




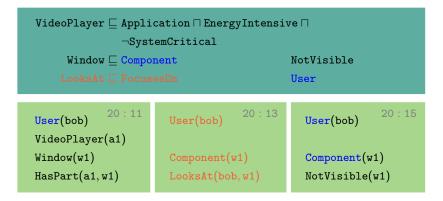
Ontology-Based Data Access Query Answering with Rigid Names



Ontology-Based Data Access Query Answering with Rigid Names



Ontology-Based Data Access Query Answering with Rigid Names



- Temporal data: sequence of fact bases
- Ontology: lightweight description logics (DLs)
- Temporal queries: linear temporal logic (LTL) + conjunctive queries (CQs)

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Problem:Temporal query satisfiabilityResults:Computational complexityApplication:Choose languages according
to available resources
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Π

Temporal query answering Rewritability Hints for implementation (use existing tools)

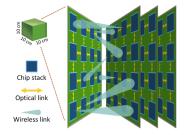
- Temporal data: sequence of fact bases
- Ontology: lightweight description logics (DLs)
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Why ...

• no temporal ontology language? expensive

 $\Diamond_{\mathsf{P}} \mathtt{User} \sqsubseteq \mathtt{User}$

- DLs? user-friendly, well investigated, basis for W3C OWL standard
- lightweight DLs? allow for efficient atemporal reasoning
- CQs? describe complex networks



Symbols

- Individual names: ann, bob, w1,...
- Concept names: Component, User, Window, ...
- Role names:

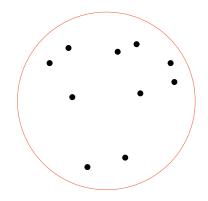
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Semantics: $\mathcal{I} = (\Delta^{\mathcal{I}}, \cdot^{\mathcal{I}})$ Interpretation domain $\Delta^{\mathcal{I}}$ and function $\cdot^{\mathcal{I}}$:

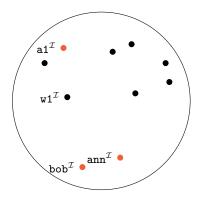


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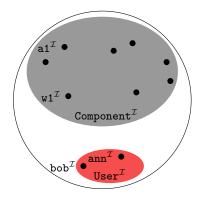


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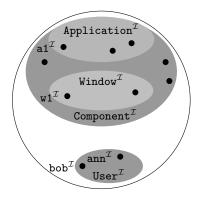


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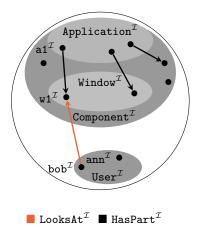


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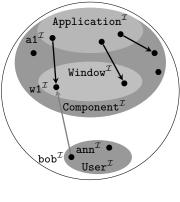
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Fact base \mathcal{F} User(bob) LooksAt(bob,w1) Semantics: $\mathcal{I} = (\Delta^{\mathcal{I}}, \cdot^{\mathcal{I}})$ Interpretation domain $\Delta^{\mathcal{I}}$ and function $\cdot^{\mathcal{I}}$:

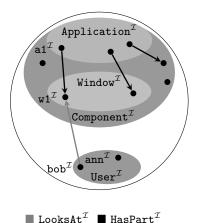


 \blacksquare LooksAt^{\mathcal{I}} \blacksquare HasPart^{\mathcal{I}}

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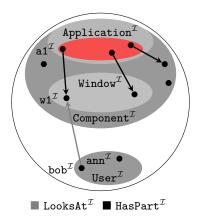


Fact base \mathcal{F} $\mathcal{I} \models \mathcal{F}$ User(bob) $bob^{\mathcal{I}} \in User^{\mathcal{I}}$ LooksAt(bob, w1) $(bob^{\mathcal{I}}, w1^{\mathcal{I}}) \in LooksAt^{\mathcal{I}}$

Basic concepts

- *DL-Lite*: User, ∃HasPart, ∃HasPart⁻
- \mathcal{EL} : User, \exists HasPart.Window

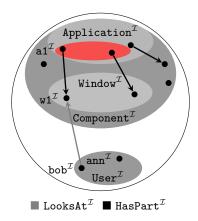
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Ontology \mathcal{O} Concept inclusions Window \sqsubseteq Component VideoPlayer \sqsubseteq ¬SystemCritical Role inclusions ($\cdot^{\mathcal{H}}$) LooksAt \sqsubseteq FocusesOn

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Ontology ♡ Concept inclusions Window ⊆ Component VideoPlayer ⊑ ¬SystemCritical Role inclusions (.^H) LooksAt ⊑ FocusesOn

$$\begin{split} \texttt{Window}^{\mathcal{I}} &\subseteq \texttt{Component}^{\mathcal{I}} \\ \texttt{VideoPlayer}^{\mathcal{I}} &\cap \texttt{SystemCritical}^{\mathcal{I}} = \emptyset \end{split}$$

 $\texttt{LooksAt}^\mathcal{I} \subseteq \texttt{FocusesOn}^\mathcal{I}$

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Role inclusions ($\cdot^{\mathcal{H}}$)	
LooksAt 🔤 FocusesOn	$\texttt{LooksAt}^\mathcal{I} \subseteq \texttt{FocusesOn}^\mathcal{I}$

DLs we focus on: $DL-Lite_{core}^{\mathcal{H}}$, $DL-Lite_{horn}^{\mathcal{H}}$, $DL-Lite_{krom}^{\mathcal{H}}$, $DL-Lite_{bool}^{\mathcal{H}}$, \mathcal{EL}

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Temporal knowledge base (TKB) Semantics: $\mathfrak{I} = (\mathcal{I}_i)_{i \geq 0}$ $\mathcal{K} = \langle \mathcal{O}, (\mathcal{F}_i)_{0 \leq i \leq n} \rangle$

Lightweight Description Logics

Basic concepts

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 $\mathcal{I}_i \models \mathcal{F}_i$ for all $i \in [0, n]$,
and \mathfrak{I} respects individual and rigid names

$$\begin{split} & \text{Components in user focus in the past, and not visible anymore (now)?} \\ & \Phi_{\text{Ex}}(x) := \Bigl(\diamondsuit_{\text{P}} \exists y.\texttt{User}(y) \land \texttt{FocusesOn}(y,x) \land \texttt{Component}(x) \Bigr) \land \texttt{NotVisible}(x) \end{split}$$

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TCQ $\Phi, \Psi := \mathsf{CQ} \varphi \mid \neg \Phi \mid \Phi \land \Psi \mid \Phi \lor \Psi \mid$

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 $\rightarrow \Diamond_{\mathsf{P}} \varphi := \mathsf{true} \, \mathsf{S} \, \varphi$ (some time in the past)

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Semantics: sequences $\mathfrak{I} = (\mathcal{I}_i)_{i \geq 0}$ of interpretations, Boolean queries

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Example: $\mathfrak{I}, 2 \models \Phi_{\mathsf{Ex}}$ if

• $\mathcal{I}_2 \models \texttt{NotVisible}(\texttt{w1})$

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Semantics: sequences $\mathfrak{I} = (\mathcal{I}_i)_{i \geq 0}$ of interpretations, Boolean queries

Example: $\mathfrak{I}, 2 \models \Phi_{\mathsf{Ex}}$ if • $\mathcal{I}_2 \models \mathsf{NotVisible}(w1)$ • there is an $i \in [0, 2]$ such that $\mathcal{I}_i \models \exists y.\mathsf{User}(y) \land \mathsf{FocusesOn}(y, w1) \land \mathsf{Component}(w1)$

${\bf I}$ Solving Satisfiability

- Given: Boolean TCQ Φ + TKB $\mathcal{K} = \langle \mathcal{O}, (\mathcal{F}_i)_{0 \le i \le n} \rangle$
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${\bf I}$ Solving Satisfiability

... good complexities for lightweight DLs and TCQs?

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	Combined Complexity			Data Complexity			
	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
$DL-Lite^{[\mathcal{H}]}_{[core horn]}$	$\geq PSPACE$?	?	?	?	?	
EL	$\geq PSPACE$?	?	$\geq P$?	?	
$DL-Lite^{[\ \mathcal{H}]}_{[krom bool]}$	$\geq PSPACE$?	\leq 2-EXPTIME	\geq co-NP	?	≤ExpTime	
\mathcal{ALCHQ}^1	ExpTime	CO-NEXPTIME	2-ExpTime	co-NP	co-NP	≤ExpTime	

- (i) no rigid names
- (ii) rigid concept names
- (iii) rigid role names (and rigid concept names)

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... good complexities for lightweight DLs and TCQs?

- Given: Boolean TCQ Φ + TKB $\mathcal{K} = \langle \mathcal{O}, (\mathcal{F}_i)_{0 \leq i \leq n} \rangle$
- Sequences ℑ = (𝒯_i)_{i≥0} of interpretations
- Complexity of TCQ entailment: ℑ, n ⊨ Φ for all ℑ such that ℑ ⊨ K?
- Solve TCQ satisfiability: Is there an \Im such that $\Im \models \mathcal{K}$ and \Im , $n \models \neg \Phi$?

	Combined Complexity			[Data Complexity			
	(i)	(i) (ii) (iii)			(ii)	(iii)		
$DL-Lite^{[\mathcal{H}]}_{[core horn]}$	$\geq PSPACE$?	?	?	?	FO rewritable?		
EL	$\geq PSPACE$?	?	$\geq \mathbf{P}$?	Tractable?		
$DL-Lite^{[\ \mathcal{H}]}_{[krom bool]}$	\geq PSpace	?	PSpace?	\geq co-NP	?	≤ExpTime		
\mathcal{ALCHQ}^1	ExpTime	CO-NEXPTIME	2-ExpTime	co-NP	co-NP	≤ExpTime		

- (i) no rigid names
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EL	$\geq PSPACE$?	?	$\geq P$?	Tractable?		
$DL-Lite^{[\ \mathcal{H}]}_{[krom bool]}$	\geq PSpace	?	PSpace?	\geq co-NP	?	co-NP?		
\mathcal{ALCHQ}^1	ExpTime	CO-NEXPTIME	2-ExpTime	co-NP	co-NP	≤ExpTime		

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Satisfiability of $\neg \Phi$ w.r.t. $\langle \mathcal{O}, (\mathcal{F}_i)_{0 \leq i \leq n} \rangle \rightarrow (\mathcal{I}_i)_{i \geq 0}$?

$$\begin{split} \Phi_{\mathsf{Ex}} &= \left(\diamondsuit_{\mathsf{P}} \varphi_1 \right) \land \varphi_2 \\ \varphi_1 &:= \exists y. \texttt{User}(y) \land \texttt{FocusesOn}(y, \texttt{w1}) \land \texttt{Component}(\texttt{w1}) \\ \varphi_2 &:= \texttt{NotVisible}(\texttt{w1}) \end{split}$$

 $\neg \Phi_{\mathsf{Ex}} = (\neg \Diamond_{\mathsf{P}} \varphi_1) \lor \neg \varphi_2$

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1 Replace CQs φ_1, φ_2 by propositional variables p_1, p_2

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• Replace CQs φ_1, φ_2 by propositional variables p_1, p_2 $(\neg \Diamond_P p_1) \lor \neg p_2$

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- **O LTL** satisfiability problem:

Look for an LTL structure $(w_i)_{i\geq 0}$ that satisfies the formula at time point n w_i : propositions true at i

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Possible LTL model: $(w_i)_{i\geq 0} = \emptyset, \emptyset, \{p_2\}, \emptyset...$ (for n = 2)

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Possible LTL model: $(w_i)_{i\geq 0} = \emptyset, \emptyset, \{p_2\}, \emptyset \dots$ (for n = 2)

- OL satisfiability problems (atemporal): Look for DL interpretations (*I_i*)_{i≥0} such that each *I_i* satisfies
 ⟨O, *F_i*⟩
 - the CQs according to w_i : $\mathcal{I}_i \models \varphi_j$ iff $p_j \in w_i$

- ${
 m I}$ Solving Satisfiability: A General Algorithm (Baader et al. 2012, 2015)
- $\mathcal{I}_i \models \langle \mathcal{O}, \mathcal{F}_i \rangle$

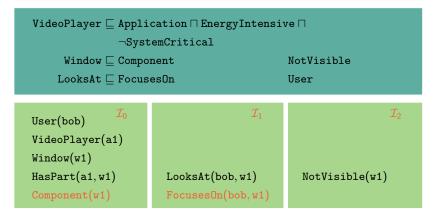
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arphi_1 := \exists y.\texttt{User}(y) \land \texttt{FocusesOn}(y,\texttt{w1}) \land \texttt{Component}(\texttt{w1}) \\ arphi_2 := \texttt{NotVisible}(\texttt{w1})
```



$$\mathcal{F}_0$$
 \mathcal{F}_1 \mathcal{F}_2 User(bob) \mathcal{F}_1 \mathcal{F}_2 VideoPlayer(a1) \mathcal{F}_2 \mathcal{F}_2 Window(w1) \mathcal{F}_2 \mathcal{F}_2 HasPart(a1,w1)LooksAt(bob,w1)NotVisible(w1)

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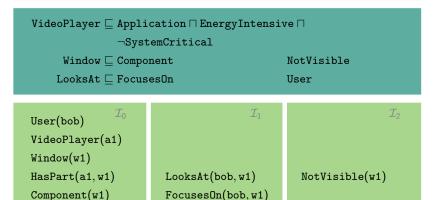
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$$\mathcal{I}_i \models \langle \mathcal{O}, \mathcal{F}_i \rangle$$

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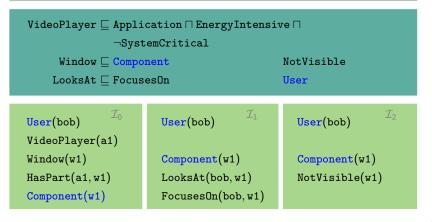
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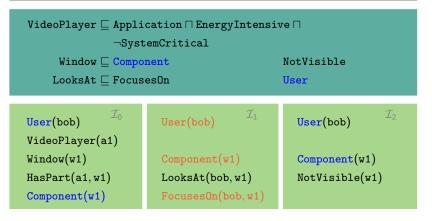
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```



${\rm I}$ Solving Satisfiability: First Results for TCQ Entailment

	Combined Complexity			Data Complexity			
	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
$DL-Lite^{[\mathcal{H}]}_{[core horn]}$	$\geq PSPACE$?	≤co-NExpTime	?	?	\leq co-NP	
EL	$\geq PSPACE$?	\leq co-NExpTime	$\geq P$?	\leq co-NP	
$DL-Lite^{[\mathcal{H}]}_{[krom bool]}$	$\geq PSPACE$?	\leq 2-EXPTIME	\geq co-NP	?	\leq ExpTime	
\mathcal{ALCHQ}^1	ExpTime	CO-NEXPTIME	2-ExpTime	co-NP	co-NP	\leq ExpTime	

- (i) no rigid concept or role names
- (ii) rigid concept names
- (iii) rigid role names (and rigid concept names)

I Solving Satisfiability: PSPACE Combined Complexity

LTL satisfiability algorithm

(Sistla and Clarke 1985): If LTL model exists, then there is a periodic one

I Solving Satisfiability: PSPACE Combined Complexity

LTL satisfiability algorithm Model $(w_i)_{i\geq 0}$ for $(\neg \diamondsuit_P p_1) \lor \neg p_2$? (Sistla and Clarke 1985): If LTL model exists, then there is a periodic one

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LTL satisfiability algorithm Model $(w_i)_{i\geq 0}$ for $(\neg \diamondsuit_P p_1) \lor \neg p_2$? (Sistla and Clarke 1985): If LTL model exists, then there is a periodic one

- **Guess** start *s* and end *e* of the period
- Memory: LTL formula sets W_{i-1}, W_i, W_s representing w_{i-1}, w_i, w_s

I Solving Satisfiability: PSPACE Combined Complexity

LTL satisfiability algorithm Model $(w_i)_{i\geq 0}$ for $(\neg \diamondsuit_P p_1) \lor \neg p_2$? (Sistla and Clarke 1985): If LTL model exists, then there is a periodic one

- **Guess** start *s* and end *e* of the period
- Memory: LTL formula sets W_{i-1}, W_i, W_s representing w_{i-1}, w_i, w_s
- Iterate over time t and always
 - $W_{i-1} := W_i$ $W_i :=$ **guess** a set of subformulas
 - Check if W_i may follow after W_{i-1} $p_1 \in W_{i-1} \Rightarrow \Diamond_P p_1 \in W_i$

- At s: W_s := W_i
- At e: check if \mathcal{W}_s may follow after \mathcal{W}_i

I Solving Satisfiability: PSPACE Combined Complexity

LTL satisfiability algorithm Model $(w_i)_{i\geq 0}$ for $(\neg \Diamond_P p_1) \lor \neg p_2? \to (\mathcal{I}_t)_{t\geq 0}$? (Sistla and Clarke 1985): If LTL model exists, then there is a periodic one

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- Iterate over time t and always

•
$$\mathcal{W}_{i-1} := \mathcal{W}_i$$

 $\mathcal{W}_i :=$ **guess** a set of subformulas

Check if
$$\mathcal{W}_i$$
 may follow after \mathcal{W}_{i-1} $p_1 \in \mathcal{W}_{i-1} \Rightarrow \Diamond_P p_1 \in \mathcal{W}_i$

- At s: W_s := W_i
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I Solving Satisfiability: PSPACE Combined Complexity

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- Guess start s and end e of the period
- Memory: LTL formula sets W_{i-1}, W_i, W_s representing w_{i-1}, w_i, w_s
- Iterate over time t and always
 - $W_{i-1} := W_i$ $W_i :=$ **guess** a set of subformulas
 - **Check** if \mathcal{W}_i may follow after \mathcal{W}_{i-1}
 - DL satisfiability testing on the fly:
 - Look for \mathcal{I}_t such that

•
$$\mathcal{I}_t \models \langle \mathcal{O}, \mathcal{F}_t \rangle$$

• $\mathcal{I}_t \models \varphi_j \text{ iff } p_j \in w_t \text{ (given by } \mathcal{W}_i \text{)}$

- At s: W_s := W_i
- At e: check if \mathcal{W}_s may follow after \mathcal{W}_i

 $p_1 \in \mathcal{W}_{i-1} \Rightarrow \Diamond_P p_1 \in \mathcal{W}_i$

I Solving Satisfiability: PSPACE Combined Complexity with Rigid Names

LTL satisfiability algorithm Model $(w_i)_{i\geq 0}$ for $(\neg \diamond_P p_1) \lor \neg p_2? \rightarrow (\mathcal{I}_t)_{t\geq 0}$? (Sistla and Clarke 1985): If LTL model exists, then there is a periodic one

- **Guess** start *s* and end *e* of the period
- Memory: LTL formula sets W_{i-1} , W_i , W_s representing w_{i-1} , w_i , w_s
- Iterate over time t and always
 - $W_{i-1} := W_i$ $W_i :=$ **guess** a set of subformulas
 - **Check** if \mathcal{W}_i may follow after \mathcal{W}_{i-1}
 - DL satisfiability testing on the fly:
 - Look for \mathcal{I}_t such that

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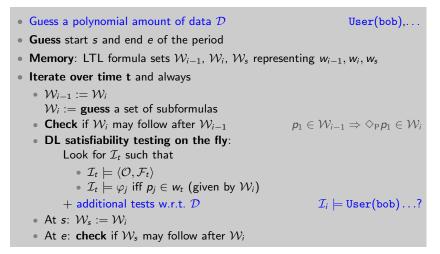
• $\mathcal{I}_t \models \varphi_j \text{ iff } p_j \in w_t \text{ (given by } \mathcal{W}_i \text{)}$

- At s: $W_s := W_i$
- At e: check if \mathcal{W}_s may follow after \mathcal{W}_i

 $p_1 \in \mathcal{W}_{i-1} \Rightarrow \Diamond_P p_1 \in \mathcal{W}_i$

I Solving Satisfiability: PSPACE Combined Complexity with Rigid Names

LTL satisfiability algorithm Model $(w_i)_{i\geq 0}$ for $(\neg \diamond_P p_1) \lor \neg p_2? \rightarrow (\mathcal{I}_t)_{t\geq 0}$? (Sistla and Clarke 1985): If LTL model exists, then there is a periodic one



	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
$DL-Lite^{[\mathcal{H}]}_{[core horn]}$	PSpace	PSpace	PSpace
EL	PSpace	PSpace	\geq co-NExpTime
DL-Lite _[krom bool]	$\geq PSPACE$?	\leq 2-EXPTIME
$\textit{DL-Lite}_{[krom bool]}^{\mathcal{H}}$	$\geq PSPACE$?	\leq 2-EXPTIME
\mathcal{ALCHQ}^1	ExpTime	CO-NEXPTIME	2-ExpTime

- (i) no rigid names
- (ii) rigid concept names
- (iii) rigid role names (and rigid concept names)

	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
$DL-Lite^{[\mathcal{H}]}_{[core horn]}$	PSpace	PSpace	PSpace
EL	PSpace	PSpace	CO-NEXPTIME
DL-Lite[krom bool]	$\geq PSPACE$?	\leq 2-EXPTIME
$\textit{DL-Lite}_{[krom bool]}^{\mathcal{H}}$	$\geq PSPACE$?	\leq 2-EXPTIME
\mathcal{ALCHQ}^1	ExpTime	CO-NEXPTIME	2-ExpTime

- (i) no rigid names
- (ii) rigid concept names
- (iii) rigid role names (and rigid concept names)
 - \blacklozenge PSpace: rigid roles critical if DL powerful enough

	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
$DL-Lite^{[\mathcal{H}]}_{[core horn]}$	PSpace	PSpace	PSpace
EL	PSpace	PSpace	CO-NEXPTIME
DL-Lite _[krom bool]	ExpTime	?	≤2-ExpTime
$\textit{DL-Lite}_{[krom bool]}^{\mathcal{H}}$	2-ExpTime	2-ExpTime	2-ExpTime
\mathcal{ALCHQ}^1	ExpTime	CO-NEXPTIME	2-ExpTime

- (i) no rigid names
- (ii) rigid concept names
- (iii) rigid role names (and rigid concept names)
 - \blacklozenge PSpace: rigid roles critical if DL powerful enough
 - TCQ satisfiability in DL-Litebool reducible to DL-Litekrom

```
\begin{array}{l} \texttt{User}\sqsubseteq\texttt{Male} \sqcup \texttt{Female} \\ \texttt{Cls} \top \sqsubseteq\texttt{Male} \sqcup \overline{\texttt{Male}}, \ \texttt{Male}\sqsubseteq \neg \overline{\texttt{Male}}, \ \ldots \\ \texttt{TCQ} \neg \exists x.\texttt{User}(x) \land \overline{\texttt{Male}}(x) \land \overline{\texttt{Female}}(x) \end{array}
```

```
<sup>1</sup>(Baader et al. 2015)
```

	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
$DL-Lite^{[\mathcal{H}]}_{[core horn]}$	PSpace	PSpace	PSpace
EL	PSpace	PSpace	CO-NEXPTIME
DL-Lite _[krom bool]	ExpTime	CO-NEXPTIME	2-ExpTime
$\textit{DL-Lite}_{[krom bool]}^{\mathcal{H}}$	2-ExpTime	2-ExpTime	2-ExpTime
\mathcal{ALCHQ}^1	ExpTime	CO-NEXPTIME	2-ExpTime

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```

Select a literal in the TCQ

$$\Box_{\mathsf{P}}\left(\mathsf{C}(c)\to\left(\mathsf{L}(c)\vee_{\mathsf{F}}\mathsf{L}(c)\vee_{\mathsf{F}}\circ_{\mathsf{F}}\mathsf{L}(c)\right)\right)$$

Select a literal in the TCQ

$$\Box_{\mathsf{P}}\left(\mathsf{C}(c) \rightarrow \left(\mathsf{L}(c) \lor \bigcirc_{\mathit{F}} \mathsf{L}(c) \lor \bigcirc_{\mathit{F}} \bigcirc_{\mathit{F}} \mathsf{L}(c)\right)\right)$$

Transfer choice of TCQ to literal individuals. A to express assignment

 $\exists \mathsf{R}.\mathsf{L}\sqsubseteq\mathsf{A}$

Select a literal in the TCQ, and ensure valid assignments: $A(\bar{x})$ iff $\neg A(x)$

$$\Box_{\mathsf{P}}\left(\mathsf{C}(c) \to \left(\mathsf{L}(c) \lor \bigcirc_{\mathsf{F}} \mathsf{L}(c) \lor \bigcirc_{\mathsf{F}} \mathsf{L}(c)\right)\right) \land$$
$$\Box_{\mathsf{P}} \neg \exists u, v.\mathsf{S}(u, v) \land \mathsf{A}(u) \land \mathsf{A}(v)$$

Transfer choice of TCQ to literal individuals. A to express assignment

$\exists \mathsf{R}.\mathsf{L}\sqsubseteq\mathsf{A}$

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathcal{F}_{0} & \mathcal{F}_{1} & \mathcal{F}_{2} \\ \mathbf{C}(\boldsymbol{c}) & & \\ \mathbf{R}(\overline{\boldsymbol{x}}, \boldsymbol{c}) & & \\ \mathbf{R}(\overline{\boldsymbol{y}}, \boldsymbol{c}) & & \\ \mathbf{S}(\overline{\boldsymbol{x}}, \boldsymbol{x}) & & \\ \mathbf{S}(\overline{\boldsymbol{y}}, \boldsymbol{y}) & & \\ \mathbf{S}(\boldsymbol{z}, \overline{\boldsymbol{z}}) \end{array}$$

	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
$DL-Lite^{[\mathcal{H}]}_{[core horn]}$	AlogTime	ALOGTIME	AlogTime
EL	$\geq P$	co-NP	co-NP
$DL\text{-}Lite^{[\ \mathcal{H}]}_{[krom bool]}$	\geq co-NP	?	≤ExpTime
\mathcal{ALCHQ}^1	co-NP	co-NP	≤ExpTime

- (i) no rigid names
- (ii) rigid concept names
- (iii) rigid role names (and rigid concept names)
 - DL-Lite: no FO rewritability
 - ALOGTIME: efficient parallel algorithms exist!

	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
$DL-Lite^{[\mathcal{H}]}_{[core horn]}$	AlogTime	AlogTime	AlogTime
EL	Р	co-NP	co-NP
$DL\text{-}Lite^{[\ \mathcal{H}]}_{[krom bool]}$	\geq co-NP	?	≤ExpTime
\mathcal{ALCHQ}^1	co-NP	co-NP	≤ExpTime

- (i) no rigid names
- (ii) rigid concept names
- (iii) rigid role names (and rigid concept names)
 - DL-Lite: no FO rewritability
 - ALOGTIME: efficient parallel algorithms exist!
 - *EL*: best result possible if no rigid symbols, but already rigid concepts critical

 ${\bf I}$ Solving Satisfiability: Results for TCQ Entailment Data Complexity

	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
$DL-Lite^{[\mathcal{H}]}_{[core horn]}$	AlogTime	AlogTime	AlogTime
EL	Р	co-NP	co-NP
$DL\text{-}Lite^{[\ \mathcal{H}]}_{[krom bool]}$	co-NP	co-NP	≤ExpTime
\mathcal{ALCHQ}^1	co-NP	co-NP	≤ExpTime

- (i) no rigid names
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 - DL-Lite: no FO rewritability
 - ALOGTIME: efficient parallel algorithms exist!
 - *EL*: best result possible if no rigid symbols, but already rigid concepts critical
 - Upper bounds: apply general approach

${f II}$ Rewritability of Temporal Query Answering

- Positive Temporal \mathcal{QL} queries: LTL without negation + \mathcal{QL} queries
- Temporal KB with ontology in some lightweight logic $\ensuremath{\mathcal{L}}$
- \mathcal{QL} and $\mathcal L$ must satisfy certain requirements
 - \rightarrow Rewritability of \mathcal{QL} queries w.r.t. KBs in $\mathcal L$

II Rewritability of Temporal Query Answering

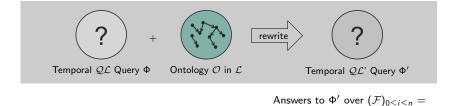
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 - \rightarrow Rewritability of \mathcal{QL} queries w.r.t. KBs in $\mathcal L$



Answers to Φ' over $\mathcal{F} =$ Answers to Φ w.r.t. $\langle \mathcal{O}, \mathcal{F} \rangle$

${f II}$ Rewritability of Temporal Query Answering

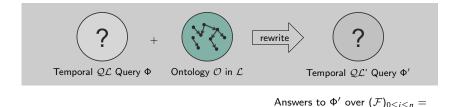
- Positive Temporal \mathcal{QL} queries: LTL without negation + \mathcal{QL} queries
- Temporal KB with ontology in some lightweight logic $\ensuremath{\mathcal{L}}$
- \mathcal{QL} and \mathcal{L} must satisfy certain requirements \rightarrow Rewritability of \mathcal{QL} queries w.r.t. KBs in \mathcal{L}
- Generic rewritability result for PTQ answering



Answers to Φ w.r.t. $\langle \mathcal{O}, (\mathcal{F})_{0 \le i \le n} \rangle$

II Rewritability of Temporal Query Answering

- Positive Temporal \mathcal{QL} queries: LTL without negation + \mathcal{QL} queries
- Temporal KB with ontology in some lightweight logic $\ensuremath{\mathcal{L}}$
- *QL* and *L* must satisfy certain requirements
 → Rewritability of *QL* queries w.r.t. KBs in *L*
- Generic rewritability result for PTQ answering
- Many formalisms satisfy our requirements
 → Tools for answering *QL* queries often exist



Answers to Φ w.r.t. $\langle \mathcal{O}, (\mathcal{F})_{0 \le i \le n} \rangle$

${f II}$ Rewritability of Temporal Query Answering

L	\mathcal{QL}	\mathcal{QL}'
\mathcal{EL}^{++}	subs.	subs.
DL -Lite $_{\mathcal{R}}$	CQ	UCQ
${\cal ELH}^{dr}_{ot}$	CQ	$FO_{=}$
$\textit{DL-Lite}_{\textithorn}^{\mathcal{N}}$	CQ	$FO_{=}$
DL -Lite $_{\mathcal{R}}$	UCQ	PEQ
DL-Lite	CQ	UCQ
\mathcal{ELHI}^{\neg}	CQ	Datalog
DL -Lite $_{\mathcal{R}}$	CQ	UCQ
DL -Lite $^+$	CQ	UCQ^+
$Horn\text{-}\mathcal{ALCHIQ}$	CQ	UCQ
\mathcal{LDL}^+	IQ	IQ
$\mathcal{SROEL}(\sqcap, \times)$	IQ	IQ
$Datalog^\pm$ family	CQ	UCQ

- Ontology-based data access: common domain terminology and knowledge
- We need extensions for recognizing complex contexts
- Temporal query answering w.r.t. ontologies in lightweight logics

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Combined and data complexity of TCQ satisfiability

Rewritability of TQ answering

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Combined and data complexity of TCQ satisfiability

- Description logics *DL-Lite* and *EL*
- Solutions inherently exponential
- New algorithms: PS_{PACE} combined complexity in many cases
- Feasible data complexity for *DL-Lite^H_{horn}*
- Similar results for TQs where $\mathcal{QL} = \mathsf{DL}$ axioms (not in this talk)

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Rewritability of TQ answering

- · Generic rewritability result for positive TQs
- Conditions are satisfied by many existing formalisms
- Hints at implementations

- Ontology-based data access: common domain terminology and knowledge
- We need extensions for recognizing complex contexts
- Temporal query answering w.r.t. ontologies in lightweight logics Metric temporal logic operators? Other DLs?

Combined and data complexity of TCQ satisfiability

- Description logics *DL-Lite* and *EL*
- Solutions inherently exponential
- New algorithms: PSPACE combined complexity in many cases
- Feasible data complexity for *DL-Lite^H_{horn}* The CO-NP/ExpTIME gap?
- Similar results for TQs where $\mathcal{QL} = \mathsf{DL}$ axioms (not in this talk)

Rewritability of TQ answering Implementations? Use cases?

- Generic rewritability result for positive TQs
 Other restrictions?
- Conditions are satisfied by many existing formalisms
- Hints at implementations

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Thank you!

Stefan Borgwardt Franz Baader Marcel Lippmann Markus Krötzsch Anni-Yasmin Turhan Ana Ozaki Kerstin Achtruth Carsten Lutz

My family and friends





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