

Artificial Intelligence

ASPARTIX-D READY FOR THE COMPETITION

Sarah Gaggl and Norbert Manthey

Dresden, 21st April 2015



ICCMA International Competition on Computational Models of Argumentation

Home	Subscribe to the mailing list of ICCMANE argumentationsempatition@india fe by conding a mail with the
Competition 2015	subject
Rules	subscribe argumentationcompetition <your first="" name=""> <your sumame=""> to <u>sympa_inria@inria.fr</u></your></your>
Participation	
Important Dates	This is the homepage of the International Competition on Computational Models of Argumentation (ICCMA). The competition aims at nurturing research and development of implementations for computational models of
0	argumentation.
Solvers	The first instance of the compatition will be conducted in 2015 and is conscioud with the workshop "Theory and
Organization	Applications of Formal Argument" (TAFA'15).
	For more information on rules and news see Competition 2015.
Contact	
	Important dates
	Nov 21, 2014: Release of final solver interface
In cooperation with	Jan 30, 2015: Declaration of intent by participants
	Mar 30, 2015: Submission of solvers
The 2015	Apr 30, 2015: Submission of system descriptions
International	In 25 Aug 1 2015: Presentation of results at TAEA'15
Workshop on Theory	bu zowag , zowa nesonator o resolution a mark to
and Applications of	ICCMA steering committee:
Formal Argument	ICOMA steering commutee.
(TAFA'15)	 Federico Cerutti, Department of Computing Science, University of Aberdeen, UK
(Nir Oren, Department of Computing Science, University of Aberdeen, UK
	Hannes Strass, Computer Science Institute, Leipzig University, Germany
	Matthias Thimm. Institute for Web Science and Technologies. University of Koblenz-Landau, Germany
	Mauro Vallati, School of Computing and Engineering, University of Huddersfield, UK
INTERNATIONAL JOINT	Serena Villata WIMMICS Research Team INRIA Sonhia Antionis France
CONFERENCE ON ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE	- Opena villag, minimoo hostaren realit, minimoo hostaren r
BUENOS AIRES, 2015	All members of the steering committee can be reached through the common e-mail address
2000	sc@argumentationcompetition.org.

Last updated 14.04.2015, Matthias Thimm

Reasoning Tasks

Computational Tasks:

- SE given an AF F determine some extension
- 2 EE given an AF F determine all extensions
- OC given an AF F and some argument a, decide whether a is credulously inferred
- DS given an AF F and some argument a, decide whether a is skeptically inferred

Semantics:

- CO Complete Semantics
- PR Preferred Semantics
- GR Grounded Semantics
- ST Stable Semantics

Our Goal

Make ASPARTIX ready for the 1st Argumentation Competition!

Our Goal

Make ASPARTIX ready for the 1st Argumentation Competition!

TODO

Find the "best" configuration for each reasoning task.



Agenda





ASPARTIX



ASPARTIX-D Ready for the Competition

ASP Encodings

Stable Extensions

Given an AF F = (A, R). A set $S \subseteq A$ is a stable extension of F, if

- S is conflict-free in F
- for each $a \in A \setminus S$, there exists a $b \in S$, such that $(b, a) \in R$

Encoding

$$\widehat{F} = \{ \arg(a) \mid a \in A \} \cup \{ \operatorname{att}(a, b) \mid (a, b) \in R \}$$



Modifications for EE

Clingo Syntax

$$\pi_{stable} = \begin{cases} \{ in(X) : arg(X) \} \\ defeated(X) \\ #show in/1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} - & \operatorname{in}(X), \operatorname{in}(Y), \operatorname{att}(X, Y) \\ - & \operatorname{in}(Y), \operatorname{att}(Y, X) \\ - & \operatorname{not} \operatorname{in}(X), \operatorname{not} \operatorname{defeated}(X), \operatorname{arg}(X) \end{array}$$

Run with clingo option -project

Modifications for DC

DC-ST

For an AF F = (A, R), is $a \in A$ contained in some extension $E \in stable(F)$

Modifications for DC

DC-ST

For an AF F = (A, R), is $a \in A$ contained in some extension $E \in stable(F)$

$$\pi_{stable} = \left\{ \begin{array}{rrrr} \mathrm{in}(X) & \leftarrow & \mathit{not} \mathrm{out}(X), \mathrm{arg}(X) \\ \mathrm{out}(X) & \leftarrow & \mathit{not} \mathrm{in}(X), \mathrm{arg}(X) \\ & \leftarrow & \mathrm{in}(X), \mathrm{in}(Y), \mathrm{att}(X, Y) \\ \mathrm{defeated}(X) & \leftarrow & \mathrm{in}(Y), \mathrm{att}(Y, X) \\ & & \leftarrow & \mathrm{out}(X), \mathit{not} \mathrm{defeated}(X) \\ \mathrm{in}(a) \end{array} \right.$$

Let Clingo compute ONE Answer-Set

If $\pi_{stable}(\widehat{F})$ is satisfiable, then return YES; if $\pi_{stable}(\widehat{F})$ is unsatisfiable, then return NO.

Modifications for DS

DS-ST

For an AF F = (A, R), is $a \in A$ contained in each extension $E \in stable(F)$

$$\pi_{stable} = \left\{ \begin{array}{lll} \operatorname{in}(X) & \leftarrow & \operatorname{not} \operatorname{out}(X), \operatorname{arg}(X) \\ \operatorname{out}(X) & \leftarrow & \operatorname{not} \operatorname{in}(X), \operatorname{arg}(X) \\ & \leftarrow & \operatorname{in}(X), \operatorname{in}(Y), \operatorname{att}(X, Y) \\ \operatorname{defeated}(X) & \leftarrow & \operatorname{in}(Y), \operatorname{att}(Y, X) \\ & \leftarrow & \operatorname{out}(X), \operatorname{not} \operatorname{defeated}(X) \\ \operatorname{out}(a) \end{array} \right.$$

Let Clingo compute ONE Answer-Set

If $\pi_{stable}(\widehat{F})$ is satisfiable, then return NO; if $\pi_{stable}(\widehat{F})$ is unsatisfiable, then return YES.

Solver Options

clingo 4.3

- NOPARAM
- -project
- -rand-freq=0.05
- –configuration=auto
- –configuration=frumpy
- –configuration=tweety
- –configuration=handy
- –configuration=crafty
- -configuration=trendy



gringo305/clasp

metasp encodings for preferred and grounded

Ip2sat[Gebser et al.(2014)],

riss[Manthey(2014), Manthey(2012)]

SAT Solver for DC-{ST,CO,GR} and DS-{ST,CO,GR}

Benchmarks

- Benchmarks_SCCs/ECAI* (≈8900 instances)
- Benchmarks_SCCs/KR/* (≈1500 instances)
- dynpartix/examples/benchmarks_1-2011/* (~4800 instances)
- iccma15_testcases/apx/* (≈100 instances)
- ICCMAtest_cases2/apx/* (≈90 instances)



Total 15490 instances. Second benchmark set 5830 instances.

Tests

Bull HPC-Cluster (Taurus)

- Intel Xeon CPU (E5-2670) with 2.60GHz
- 6.5 GB Ram, 900 seconds
- from 16 cores we used every 4th



We thank the Center for Information Services and High Performance Computing (ZIH) at TU Dresden for generous allocations of computer time.

Results EE-PR



Results EE-PR



Results EE-PR



Results EE-GR



Results EE-GR



slide 20 of 25

Results with no Significant Difference



Final Configuration

ASPARTIX-D

- GR: metasp encodings for all reasoning tasks
- DC-ST original
- DC-CO SAT
- DC-PR -configuration=auto
- DS-ST original
- DS-CO SAT
- DS-PR original
- EE-ST -project
- EE-CO -project
- EE-PR metasp
- SE-ST -project
- SE-CO –project
- SE-PR metasp



Future Work

- Fix configurations for other semantics
- GUI for ASPARTIX-D
- Study visualization methods for big frameworks
- Representation of many solutions
- Navigation in solution space



Comparison with Vienna Encodings



- Solved by metasp: 3244 (out of 5830)
- Solved by Vienna: 3325 (out of 5830)

References

Martin Gebser, Tomi Janhunen, and Jussi Rintanen. Answer Set Programming as SAT modulo Acyclicity. ECAI 2014. IOS Press. 2014.



Norbert Manthey.

Riss 4.27. Proceedings of SAT Competition 2014. 2014.



Norbert Manthey.

Coprocessor 2.0 – A Flexible CNF Simplifier. Theory and Applications of Satisfiability Testing – SAT 2012. Springer Berlin Heidelberg, 2012.



Martin Gebser, Benjamin Kaufmann Roland Kaminski, and Torsten Schaub.

Answer Set Solving in Practice.

Synthesis Lectures on Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning. Morgan and Claypool Publishers, 2012.

doi=10.2200/S00457ED1V01Y201211AIM019.