## Complexity Theory

## **Exercise 4: Time Complexity**

**Exercise 4.1.** Show that P is closed under concatenation and star.

**Exercise 4.2.** Consider the problem **CLIQUE**:

Input: An undirected graph G and some  $k \in \mathbb{N}$ 

Question: Does there exists a clique in G of size at least k?

Suppose **CLIQUE** can be solved in time T(n) for some  $T: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}$  with  $T(n) \ge n$  for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ . Furthermore, show that then the optimisation problem

Input: An undirected graph G

Compute: A clique in G of maximal size

can be computed in time  $\mathcal{O}(n \cdot T(n))$ . You can assume that T is monotone.

**Exercise 4.3.** Show that if a language **L** is NP-complete, then  $\overline{\mathbf{L}}$  is CONP-complete.

**Exercise 4.4.** Show that if P = NP, then a polynomial-time algorithm exists that produces a satisfying assignment of a given satisfiable propositional formula.

Exercise 4.5. Show that finding paths of a given length in undirected graphs, i.e.,

**Path** = {  $\langle G, s, t, k \rangle \mid G$  contains a simple path from s to t of length k }

is NP-complete.