Axiomatizing $\mathcal{EL}_{gfp}^{\perp}$ -General Concept Inclusions in the Presence of Untrusted Examples

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Use description logic ontologies to represent knowledge of certain domains

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Problem

How to obtain these ontologies?

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Approach

Learn ontologies from domain data

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Approach

Learn first versions of ontologies from domain data

Extract terminological knowledge from factual knowledge.

Introduction

Goal

Extract terminological knowledge from factual knowledge.



Extract terminological knowledge from factual knowledge.



Extract terminological knowledge from interpretations.



Extract finite bases of GCIs from interpretations.

















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- $\Delta^{\mathcal{I}_{\mathsf{DBpedia}}} =$ 5626, size of base 1252

An Experiment

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Some Results

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Criminal \sqsubseteq Person

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$Criminal \sqsubseteq Person$

$Criminal \sqcap \exists child. Politician \sqsubseteq \bot$

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Criminal ⊏ Person Criminal $\Box \exists$ child.Politician $\Box \bot$ Person $\Box \exists$ child. Criminal \Box Criminal

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Observation

 $\exists \mathsf{child}.\top \sqsubseteq \mathsf{Person}$

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Confident GCIs

Observation

$$\operatorname{conf}_{\mathcal{I}_{\mathsf{DBpedia}}}(\exists \mathsf{child}.\top \sqsubseteq \mathsf{Person}) = \frac{2547}{2551}$$

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Definition

The *confidence* of $C \sqsubseteq D$ in \mathcal{I} is defined as

$$\operatorname{conf}_{\mathcal{I}}(C \sqsubseteq D) := \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } C^{\mathcal{I}} = \emptyset, \\ rac{|(C \sqcap D)^{\mathcal{I}}|}{|C^{\mathcal{I}}|} & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

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Let $c \in [0, 1]$. Define $\text{Th}_{c}(\mathcal{I})$ as the set of all GCIs having confidence of at least c in \mathcal{I} .

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Consider GCIs with high confidence in the data

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Approach

Consider GCIs with high confidence in the data, i. e. compute finite bases of $\mathsf{Th}_{c}(\mathcal{I})$







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All individuals are suspected to be erroneous

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Approach

Distinguish between trusted and untrusted individuals

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Definition

$$\begin{aligned} \mathsf{Th}_{c}(\mathcal{I},\mathcal{J}) &:= \{ \, \mathcal{C} \sqsubseteq \mathcal{D} \mid \mathcal{C}^{\mathcal{I}} \backslash \Delta^{\mathcal{J}} \subseteq \mathcal{D}^{\mathcal{I}} \backslash \Delta^{\mathcal{J}}, \\ & |(\mathcal{C} \sqcap \mathcal{D})^{\mathcal{I}} \cap \Delta^{\mathcal{J}}| \ge c \cdot |\mathcal{C}^{\mathcal{I}} \cap \Delta^{\mathcal{J}}| \, \end{aligned} \end{aligned}$$





Theorem

Let

$$\operatorname{Conf}(\mathcal{I}, \boldsymbol{c}, \mathcal{J}) = \{ (\boldsymbol{C}^{\mathcal{I}})^{\mathcal{I}} \sqsubseteq (\boldsymbol{D}^{\mathcal{I}})^{\mathcal{I}} \mid (\boldsymbol{C} \sqsubseteq \boldsymbol{D}) \in \operatorname{Th}_{\boldsymbol{c}}(\mathcal{I}, \mathcal{J}) \}.$$

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If then \mathcal{B} is a finite base of $\mathsf{Th}(\mathcal{I})$, then the set

 $\mathcal{B} \cup \text{Conf}(\mathcal{I},\textbf{\textit{c}},\mathcal{J})$

is a finite base of $Th_c(\mathcal{I}, \mathcal{J})$.

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- Provided effective methods to computes bases in this setting

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- Extend approach into an algorithm with expert interaction
- Attribute Exploration

Thank You