

## Formal Concept Analysis

### Exercise Sheet 9, Winter Semester 2016/17

#### Exercise 1 (repetition)

Discuss with your neighbor the following concepts

- *closure system* and *closure operator*
- *frequent* concept intent
- *minimal generator*
- *implication* in a formal context  $\mathbb{K} = (G, M, I)$
- *closed*, *complete* and *non-redundant* set of implications
- *stem base*

Further, describe the TITANIC algorithmus in three short sentences.

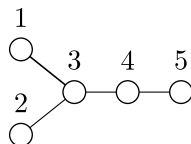
#### Exercise 2 (pseudo-closed sets)

In the lecture the concept of *pseudo intents* was introduced. The following definition generalizes this concept in the context of closure systems:

**Definition** (pseudo-closed set). *Let  $\mathcal{C}$  be a closure system on (the finite set)  $M$ . A subset  $P \subseteq M$  is pseudo-closed, iff*

- (i)  *$P$  is not closed (i.e.,  $P \notin \mathcal{C}$ ), and*
- (ii) *for every proper pseudo-closed subset  $Q \subset P$ , its closure  $\varphi(Q)$  is contained in  $P$  (i.e.,  $Q \subset P \wedge Q$  is pseudo-closed  $\implies \varphi(Q) \subseteq P$ ).*

We are now regarding for the set of nodes  $M := \{1, 2, \dots, 5\}$  and the following tree  $T$



the system  $\mathcal{T} \subseteq \mathfrak{P}(M)$  of sets of nodes, which span a subtree of  $T$ , respectively (e.g.,  $\{1, 3, 4\} \in \mathcal{T}$  but  $\{1, 2, 5\} \notin \mathcal{T}$ ).

- a) Specify the set  $\mathcal{T}$ .
- b) Verify that  $\mathcal{T}$  is a closure system on  $M$ .
- c) List six different pseudo-closed sets for  $\mathcal{T}$ .

**Exercise 3** (computing the stem base with NEXT CLOSURE)

Determine the stem base for this context using the NEXT CLOSURE algorithm. Use the following table as help:

	Mobil (1)	Telefon (2)	Fax (3)	Fax m. N.-Adapter (4)
Sinus 44 (a)		×		
Nokia 6110 (b)	×	×		
T-Fax 301 (c)			×	×
T-Fax 360 PC (d)			×	

$A$	$i$	$A + i$	$\mathcal{L}^\bullet(A+i)$	$A <_i \mathcal{L}^\bullet(A+i)?$	$(\mathcal{L}^\bullet(A+i))''$	$\mathcal{L}$	intents