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Complexity Theory Exercise 9: Circuit Complexity 14th January 2025

Exercise 9.1. Define the function $\operatorname{maj}_n \colon \{0, 1\}^n \to \{0, 1\}$ by

$$\mathsf{maj}_n(x_1, \dots, x_n) \coloneqq \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \sum x_i < n/2\\ 1 & \text{if } \sum x_i \ge n/2. \end{cases}$$

Devise a circuit to compute maj_3 and test it on the example input 101 and 010.

Exercise 9.2. Denote with add: $\{0,1\}^{2n} \to \{0,1\}^{n+1}$ the function that takes two binary *n*-bit numbers *x* and *y* and returns their n + 1-bit sum. Show that add can be computed with size $\mathcal{O}(n)$ circuits.

Exercise 9.3. Show $NC^1 \subseteq L$.

Exercise 9.4. Show that every Boolean function with n variables can be computed with a circuit of size $\mathcal{O}(n \cdot 2^n)$.

Exercise 9.5. Show that every language $L \subseteq \{ 1^n \mid n \in \mathbb{N} \}$ is contained in P/poly. Conclude that P/poly contains undecidable languages.

Exercise 9.6. Find a decidable language in P/poly that is not contained in P.

Hint:

Take a language over $\{0, 1\}$ that is 2ExpTime-hard and consider its unary encoding.

Exercise 9.7. Show how to compute maj_n with circuits of size $O(n \log n)$.

Exercise 9.8. Show that $NC \neq PSPACE$.