

Human Reasoning and Computational Logic

Steffen Hölldobler, Emmanuelle Dietz

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Problem 2.1

Given the first-order language $\mathcal{L}(\{p/1, q/1, r/0\}, \{a/0, b/0\}, \mathcal{V})$ and the following definite program \mathcal{P} :

$$\begin{aligned} p(a) \\ q(X) \leftarrow p(X) \end{aligned}$$

Find all Herbrand models of \mathcal{P} . Which of them is the least?

Problem 2.2

Find out whether there exists a least Herbrand model for each subset of the following set

$$\mathcal{C} = \{[p(a), p(b)], [p(a)], [p(c)]\}$$

of clauses, and if yes, specify it.

Problem 2.3

Let \mathcal{P} be a definite program and let I be a Herbrand interpretation of \mathcal{P} . Show that I is a model of \mathcal{P} iff for every ground instance $A \leftarrow B_1 \wedge \dots \wedge B_m$ of every clause in \mathcal{P} the following holds: If $\{B_1, \dots, B_m\} \subseteq I$ then $A \in I$.

Problem 2.4

Given the following program \mathcal{P} :

$$\begin{aligned} p(a, X, X) \\ p(s(X), Y, s(Z)) \leftarrow p(X, Y, Z) \end{aligned}$$

1. Compute the answer substitutions for the queries

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(a)} \quad & \leftarrow p(s(a), X, s(s(a))). \\ \text{(b)} \quad & \leftarrow p(s(s(a)), X, s(s(s(a))))). \end{aligned}$$

Compute in turn the occurring unification problems and the respective mgus.

2. Find the least Herbrand model of \mathcal{P} .

Problem 2.5

Given the definite program clauses

$$\begin{aligned} &r(a) \\ &p(Y) \\ &q(X) \leftarrow p(X) \\ &s(X) \leftarrow q(X) \end{aligned}$$

and the definite goal $\leftarrow s(U)$.

1. Find an SLD refutation. (Indicate with every resovent which clauses have been resolved upon.)
2. Which answer substitution did you compute in the preceding subproblem?
3. Find a correct answer substitution for the definite program given above, which is different from the computed one.
4. Find a substitution which is no answer substitution for the definite program given above.

Problem 2.6

Given the following definite program \mathcal{P} :

$$\begin{aligned} &p(0, X, X) \\ &p(s(X), Y, s(Z)) \leftarrow p(X, Y, Z) \\ &r(s(0), X, X) \\ &r(s(X), Y, Z) \leftarrow r(X, Y, W), p(W, Y, Z) \end{aligned}$$

Find a SLD derivation for the definite goal $\leftarrow r(s(s(0)), s(0), X)$.

What is the computed answer substitution?

Problem 2.7

Prove or refute the following assertions.

1. A definite program which consists just of facts never computes a nonempty answer substitution.
2. Every propositional definite program \mathcal{P} (resp. every first-order definite program in which occur only 0-ary predicate symbols) is satisfiable.
3. A correct answer substitution is always a ground substitution.