

EXERCISE 2

# Human Reasoning and Computational Logic

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## Problem 2.1

Given the first-order language  $\mathcal{L}(\{p/1, q/1, r/0\}, \{a/0, b/0\}, \mathcal{V})$  and the following definite program  $\mathcal{P}$ :

$$\begin{aligned} p(a) \\ q(X) \leftarrow p(X) \end{aligned}$$

Find all Herbrand models of  $\mathcal{P}$ . Which of them is the least?

## Problem 2.2

Find out whether there exists a least Herbrand model for each subset of the following set

$$\mathcal{C} = \{[p(a), p(b)], [p(a)], [p(c)]\}$$

of clauses, and if yes, specify it.

## Problem 2.3

Let  $\mathcal{P}$  be a definite program and let  $I$  be a Herbrand interpretation of  $\mathcal{P}$ . Show that  $I$  is a model of  $\mathcal{P}$  iff for every ground instance  $A \leftarrow B_1 \wedge \dots \wedge B_m$  of every clause in  $\mathcal{P}$  the following holds: If  $\{B_1, \dots, B_m\} \subseteq I$  then  $A \in I$ .

## Problem 2.4

Given the following program  $\mathcal{P}$ :

$$\begin{aligned} p(a, X, X) \\ p(s(X), Y, s(Z)) \leftarrow p(X, Y, Z) \end{aligned}$$

1. Compute the answer substitutions for the queries

- $\leftarrow p(s(a), X, s(s(a))).$
- $\leftarrow p(s(s(a)), X, s(s(s(a)))).$

Compute in turn the occurring unification problems and the respective mgus.

2. Find the least Herbrand model of  $\mathcal{P}$ .

## Problem 2.5

Given the definite program clauses

$r(a)$   
 $p(Y)$   
 $q(X) \leftarrow p(X)$   
 $s(X) \leftarrow q(X)$

and the definite goal  $\leftarrow s(U)$ .

1. Find an SLD refutation. (Indicate with every resovent which clauses have been resolved upon.)
2. Which answer substitution did you compute in the preceding subproblem?
3. Find a correct answer substitution for the definite program given above, which is different from the computed one.
4. Find a substitution which is no answer substitution for the definite program given above.

## Problem 2.6

Given the following definite program  $\mathcal{P}$ :

$p(0, X, X)$   
 $p(s(X), Y, s(Z)) \leftarrow p(X, Y, Z)$   
 $r(s(0), X, X)$   
 $r(s(X), Y, Z) \leftarrow r(X, Y, W), p(W, Y, Z)$

Find a SLD derivation for the definite goal  $\leftarrow r(s(s(0)), s(0), X)$ .

What is the computed answer substitution?

## Problem 2.7

Prove or refute the following assertions.

1. A definite program which consists just of facts never computes a nonempty answer substitution.
2. Every propositional definite program  $\mathcal{P}$  (resp. every first-order definite program in which occur only 0-ary predicate symbols) is satisfiable.
3. A correct answer substitution is always a ground substitution.