

Foundations of Constraint Programming Tutorial 4 (on December 2nd)

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Exercise 4.1:

Consider the following two CSPs with variables x, y, z, w :

- $\langle x \neq y, z = x + y; x \in \{a, b\}, y \in \{b, c\}, z \in \{bb, cc\} \rangle$, where $+$ is the string concatenation
- $\langle x \neq 10, x = y + 1, \text{all_different}(x, y, z), x + y + z = w; x \in [10..13], y \in [10..12], z \in [10..12], w \in [30..32] \rangle$

Are these CSPs consistent, node consistent, arc consistent, directionally arc consistent, hyper-arc consistent, path consistent, directionally path consistent? Can you find some k for which these CSPs are not k -consistent? Explain your answers.

Exercise 4.2:

Consider the following CSP P :

$$\langle x + y < 5, y + x \neq 2, y + z \leq 3, z + x \leq 4; x, y, z \in [1..4] \rangle$$

- Is P normalized? If not, normalize it.
- Apply the path consistency rules from slide 18 (lecture 4) to the normalized version of P .

Exercise 4.3:

Consider the following CSP P :

$$\langle x \leq y, w \leq y, v \leq y, u + v = z; x, y, z \in [2..6], u, v, w \in [3..8] \rangle$$

with the linear ordering on the variables:

$$x \prec y \prec z \prec u \prec v \prec w.$$

Draw the graph associated to P . For each node indicate its \prec -width. What is the width of the graph?